Dear simalube Customer,

We hereby confirm that the automatic lubricators simalube and simalube multipoint with the designation SL01 are filled with Castrol Tribol GR CLS 2 lubricant. The Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for this lubricant is provided on the following pages. Please visit www.simatec.com for further technical data regarding this lubricant and simatec automatic lubricators.

Werter simalube Kunde

Wir bestätigen hiermit, dass die automatischen Schmierstoffspender simalube und simalube multipoint, mit der Bezeichnung SL01, mit dem Schmierstoff Castrol Tribol GR CLS 2 befüllt sind. Das Sicherheitsdatenblatt zu diesem Schmierstoff finden Sie auf den folgenden Seiten. Technische Daten zum Schmierstoff und den automatischen Schmierstoffspendern simalube finden Sie unter: www.simatec.com

Cher client simalube

Nous certifions que les graisseurs automatiques simalube et simalube multipoint appelés SL01 sont remplis avec le lubrifiant Castrol Tribol GR CLS 2. La fiche de données de sécurité de ce lubrifiant peut être trouvé dans les pages suivantes. Concernant les données techniques du lubrifiant tout comme les graisseurs automatiques simalube, vous allez trouver ces détails sous le lien suivant : www.simatec.com

Estimado cliente de simalube

Por la presente certificamos que los lubricadores automáticos simalube y simalube multipoint con la designación SL01, están rellenados con el lubricante Castrol Tribol GR CLS 2. La ficha de datos de seguridad de este lubricante Usted pueden encontrar en las siguientes páginas. Para especificaciones técnicas del lubricante y de los lubricadores automáticos simalube ver: www.simatec.com

Caro cliente simalube

Con la presente confermiamo che i lubrificatori automatici simalube e simalube multipoint con la designazione SL01 sono riempiti con lubrificante Castrol Tribol GR CLS 2. La scheda dati di sicurezza per questo lubrificante è riportato sulle seguenti pagine. I dati tecnici del lubrificante e dei lubrificatori automatici sono disponibili sul sito: www.simatec.com

17.02.2020 / simatec ag, Wangen a. Aare, Switzerland
SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Tribol GR CLS 2
Product code: 468712-DE03
SDS no.: 468712
Historic SDS no.: 66460-AG
Product type: Grease.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identified uses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Industrial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Professional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use of the substance/mixture</th>
<th>Grease for industrial applications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier: Castrol (UK) Limited
PO Box 352, Chertsey Road, Sunbury On Thames, Middlesex,
TW16 9AW Orders/Enquiries: 0845 9645111 Technical Enquiries: 0845 9000209

E-mail address: MSDSadvice@bp.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
Carechem: +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (24/7)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention: P280 - Wear eye or face protection.
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response: P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage: Not applicable.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### Disposal
Not applicable.

### Supplemental label elements
Not applicable.

### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**
Not applicable.

### Special packaging requirements
**Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings**
Not applicable.

**Tactile warning of danger**
Not applicable.

**2.3 Other hazards**

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

#### Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification
Defatting to the skin.

Note: High Pressure Applications

Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency.

See 'Notes to physician' under First-Aid Measures, Section 4 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**3.2 Mixtures**

**Product definition**
Mixture

Highly refined mineral oil and additives. Thickening agent.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>calcium hydroxide</td>
<td>REACH #: 01-2119475151-45</td>
<td>&lt;3</td>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315</td>
<td>[1][2]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EC: 215-137-3</td>
<td></td>
<td>Eye Dam. 2, H318</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CAS: 1305-62-0</td>
<td></td>
<td>STOT SE 3, H335</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

**Type**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[5] Substance of equivalent concern
[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

#### Eye contact
In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.

#### Skin contact
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

#### Inhalation
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Ingestion
Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour pressure.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Inhalation: Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Skin contact: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.

Eye contact: Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.

Note: High Pressure Applications

Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours tissue becomes swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay. Thorough and extensive debridement of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimise tissue loss and prevent or limit permanent damage. Note that high pressure may force the product considerable distances along tissue planes.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: In case of fire, use water fog, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet. The use of a water jet may cause the fire to spread by splashing the burning product.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous combustion products: Combustion products may include the following:
- carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)
- metal oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: Contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

For emergency responders
Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions
Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Small spill
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spill material. Suction or scoop the spill into appropriate disposal or recycling vessels, then cover spill area with oil absorbent. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections
See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 5 for firefighting measures.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 12 for environmental precautions.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Protective measures
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Recommendations
See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters
Occupational exposure limits

calcium hydroxide

No exposure limit value known.

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK)).
STEL: 4 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 8/2018 Form: Respirable fraction
TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 8/2018 Form: Respirable fraction
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 1/1997
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14942 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived No Effect Level

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>calcium hydroxide</td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Short term</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Local</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Short term</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Predicted No Effect Concentration

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

For protection against metal working fluids, respiratory protection that is classified as “resistant to oil” (class R) or oil proof (class P) should be selected where appropriate. Depending on the level of airborne contaminants, an air-purifying, half-mask respirator (with HEPA filter) including disposable (P- or R-series) (for oil mists less than 50mg/m³), or any powered, air-purifying respirator equipped with hood or helmet and HEPA filter (for oil mists less than 125 mg/m³). Where organic vapours are a potential hazard during metalworking operations, a combination particulate and organic vapour filter may be necessary. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

General Information:

Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures).

Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection


a full assessment of the working conditions.

Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

Breakthrough time:

Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time recommendations that actual workplace conditions are taken into account. Always consult with your glove supplier for up-to-date technical information on breakthrough times for the recommended glove type.

Our recommendations on the selection of gloves are as follows:

Continuous contact:

Gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of 240 minutes, or >480 minutes if suitable gloves can be obtained.

If suitable gloves are not available to offer that level of protection, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may be acceptable as long as appropriate glove maintenance and replacement regimes are determined and adhered to.

Short-term / splash protection:

Recommended breakthrough times as above.

It is recognised that for short-term, transient exposures, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may commonly be used. Therefore, appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes must be determined and rigorously followed.

Glove Thickness:

For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times.

Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers’ technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.

- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.

Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Refer to standards:

Respiratory protection: EN 529
Gloves: EN 420, EN 374
Eye protection: EN 166
Filtering half-mask: EN 149
Filtering half-mask with valve: EN 405
Half-mask: EN 140 plus filter
Full-face mask: EN 136 plus filter
Particulate filters: EN 143
Gas/combined filters: EN 14387
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls
Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**
- **Physical state**: Grease.
- **Colour**: Beige. [Light]
- **Odour**: Not available.
- **Odour threshold**: Not available.
- **pH**: Not available.
- **Melting point/freezing point**: Not available.
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: Not available.
- **Drop Point**: >130 °C
- **Flash point**: Closed cup: 212°C (413.6°F) [Estimated. Based on Lubricants - Base Oils]
- **Evaporation rate**: Not available.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not available.
- **Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**: Not available.
- **Vapour pressure**: Not available.
- **Vapour density**: Not available.
- **Relative density**: Not available.
- **Density**: <1000 kg/m³ (<1 g/cm³) at 20°C
- **Solubility(ies)**: Insoluble in water.
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not available.
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: Not available.
- **Decomposition temperature**: Not available.
- **Viscosity**: Not available.
- **Explosive properties**: Not available.
- **Oxidising properties**: Not available.

9.2 Other information
No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.

10.2 Chemical stability
The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

10.5 Incompatible materials
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity estimates
Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation
Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour pressure.

Ingestion
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact
Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Eye contact
Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation
No specific data.

Ingestion
No specific data.

Skin contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation
- dryness
- cracking

Eye contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Inhalation
Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion
Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Skin contact
Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.

Eye contact
Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

Potential chronic health effects

General
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Environmental hazards
Not classified as dangerous

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not expected to be rapidly degradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)
Not available.

Mobility
Grease, insoluble in water.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

12.6 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waste code</th>
<th>Waste designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12 01 12*</td>
<td>spent waxes and fats</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

Packaging

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waste code</th>
<th>European waste catalogue (EWC)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15 01 10*</td>
<td>packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special precautions This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Empty containers represent a fire hazard as they may contain flammable product residues and vapour. Never weld, solder or braze empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

References

Commission 2014/955/EU
Directive 2008/98/EC

SECTION 14: Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.2 UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.4 Packing group</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.5 Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.6 Special precautions for user Not available.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code Not available.
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Other regulations

REACH Status

For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as identified in Section 1.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

All components are active or exempted.

Australia inventory (AICS)

All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory

At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

China inventory (IECSC)

At least one component is not listed.

Japan inventory (ENCS)

At least one component is not listed.

Korea inventory (KECI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS)

At least one component is not listed.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more of the substances within this mixture. A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for the mixture itself.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR = Chemical Safety Report
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
ES = Exposure Scenario
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
EWC = European Waste Catalogue
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

Product name: Tribol GR CLS 2
Product code: 468712-DE03
Version: 4.01
Date of issue: 17 January 2020
Format: United Kingdom (UK)
Language: ENGLISH

SECTION 16: Other information

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation
[Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006]
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SDAT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern
STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
TWA = Time weighted average
UN = United Nations
UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance
VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2, H319</td>
<td>H315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Causes skin irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>H318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Causes serious eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>H335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>May cause respiratory irritation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of abbreviated H statements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Irr. 2, H315</td>
<td>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 3, H335</td>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

History

Date of issue/ Date of revision        17/01/2020.
Date of previous issue                 17/01/2020.
Prepared by                            Product Stewardship

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Product name  Tribe GR CLS 2
Version 4.01  Date of issue 17 January 2020
Product code  468712-DE03  Page: 11/16
Format United Kingdom
Language ENGLISH (United Kingdom)
### Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

**Identification of the substance or mixture**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product definition</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>468712-DE03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product name</td>
<td>Tribol GR CLS 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 1: Title**

- **Short title of the exposure scenario**: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial
- **List of use descriptors**:
  - **Identified use name**: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Industrial
  - **Process Category**: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08b, PROC09
  - **Sector of end use**: SU03
  - **Subsequent service life relevant for that use**: No.
  - **Environmental Release Category**: ERC04, ERC07
  - **Specific Environmental Release Category**: ATIEL-ATC SPERC 4.Biv1

**Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario**

Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

### Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

**Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure**

**Product characteristics:**

- **Physical state**: Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa
- **Concentration of substance in product**: Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)
- **Frequency and duration of use**: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
- **Other conditions affecting workers exposure**: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

**Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures**

General measures applicable to all activities:

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

General exposures (closed systems):

- No other specific measures identified.

Initial factory fill of equipment Use in contained systems:

- No other specific measures identified.

Initial factory fill of equipment Open systems:

- Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.

Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar Use in contained systems:

- No other specific measures identified.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:

- Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature):

- Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to emission points when contact with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in
combination with intensive management supervision controls. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage: Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure
No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for the Environment

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

| Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment | No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for the Environment |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers | The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated. |

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

| Environment | Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES |
| Health | Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. |
**Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)**

### Identification of the substance or mixture

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<td>Product name</td>
<td>Tribol GR CLS 2</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Section 1: Title

| Short title of the exposure scenario | General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional |
| List of use descriptors            | Identified use name: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Professional |
|                                   | Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC20 |
|                                   | Sector of end use: SU22 |
|                                   | Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. |
|                                   | Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b |
|                                   | Specific Environmental Release Category: ESVOC SpERC 9.6b.v1 |

### Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

### Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

#### Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

**Product characteristics:**

- **Physical state:** Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa
- **Concentration of substance in product:** Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)
- **Frequency and duration of use:** Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
- **Other conditions affecting workers exposure:** Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

**Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures**

General measures applicable to all activities:

- Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

- Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar use in contained systems:
  - No other specific measures identified.

Material transfers Non-dedicated facility:

- Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance Dedicated facility:

- Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:

- Store substance within a closed system.
Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure
No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for the Environment

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

| Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment | Exposure assessment (environment): No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for the Environment |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers | Exposure assessment (human): The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated. |

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

| Environment | Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES |
| Health | Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. |